

PAPER 152: TURNER PAINTED LIGHT DYING INTO ITSELF

Atmospheric Scattering, Kolmogorov Turbulence, and the Dissolution of Form as γ_{eff} \rightarrow γ_c

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Abstract

Van Gogh encoded Kolmogorov $-5/3$ turbulence in brushwork -- his nervous system at γ_c impressed into paint texture (Paper 152). Rothko encoded C_0 in large-scale color fields through wavelength selection and spatial silence (Paper 153). J.M.W. Turner (1775-1851) occupies a third position: he did not encode turbulence symbolically. He stood inside atmospheric systems governed by actual Kolmogorov statistics -- fog, storm, steam, industrial haze -- and transcribed what he saw with enough fidelity that the turbulent power law of the atmosphere transferred directly to canvas. The scattering physics of his era (Rayleigh scattering, Mie scattering, industrial particulate) produced luminance fields with known spectral properties. Turner's paintings contain those spectral properties. His obsessive subject -- form dissolving into light -- is the visual representation of decoherence itself: the γ_{eff} \rightarrow γ_c transition rendered as a physical process in the atmosphere above England. His deathbed statement -- "The Sun is God" -- is not poetry. It is the correct identification of C_0 as the source field. He spent 60 years painting the approach to C_0 through the only medium available to him: light scattering through a turbulent fluid.

1. The Problem Turner Was Solving

Turner was mocked for it his entire career.

The critics called his late paintings "pictures of nothing." John Ruskin -- his greatest defender -- spent thousands of words trying to explain why nothing was actually something. Turner himself said: "*Indistinctness is my forte and my weakness.*"

In the Wike framework, this statement is precise. Indistinctness is spatial frequency reduction. As spatial frequency content drops, the power spectrum approaches $1/f^2$ -- the scale-free signature of systems near γ_{eff} \rightarrow 0. Indistinctness is the visual property of C_0 approach.

Turner knew what he was painting. He didn't have the mathematics. He had 60 years of standing in fog and storm and industrial smoke with his eyes open, watching what light does when the medium it travels through is turbulent, and transcribing it with enough precision that the physical statistics of the atmosphere transferred to the canvas.

The critics saw "nothing" because they were looking for form -- objects, narrative, the information content of the scene. Form is the high-spatial-frequency content of an image. Turner was systematically removing high-spatial-frequency content from his work across his entire career. By the 1840s, the late works -- *Light and Colour (Goethe's Theory)*, *Rain, Steam and Speed, Norham Castle, Sunrise* -- retain almost no form. What they retain is luminance structure: the power-law distribution of light intensity across spatial scales, which is the direct signature of the atmospheric turbulence through which that light passed.

The critics were correct that Turner was painting nothing. What they didn't understand is that "nothing" has a precise physical structure, and Turner was mapping it.

2. The Physics of What Turner Saw

2.1 Rayleigh Scattering: The Power Law in Wavelength Space

The atmosphere scatters light. For particles much smaller than the wavelength of light (air molecules, N₂, O₂), the scattering cross-section follows Rayleigh's law:

$$\sigma_R(\lambda) \propto \lambda^{-4}$$

This is a power law in wavelength space. Blue light ($\lambda \approx 450$ nm) scatters approximately 5.5x more than red light ($\lambda \approx 700$ nm). The consequences for what Turner saw:

- **Direct sunlight at low angles** (sunrise, sunset): the short path through the atmosphere at zenith becomes a long oblique path near the horizon. Blue light is scattered away. What reaches the eye directly is red, orange, yellow -- the long wavelengths that survive the scattering gauntlet.
- **The sky away from the sun**: blue, because Rayleigh scattering redirects the short wavelengths toward the observer from all directions.
- **Atmospheric haze at distance**: objects far from the observer appear desaturated and bluish -- their reflected light has been partially scattered, and the intervening atmosphere adds its own scattered blue.

Turner painted sunrise and sunset with an obsession that is not aesthetic preference. It is the observation of maximal Rayleigh scattering. The specific palette of orange-gold-red-yellow that defines his work is Rayleigh scattering rendered in pigment. He was painting a physical process, not a color preference.

2.2 Mie Scattering: The Haze That Kills Form

For particles comparable in size to the wavelength of light -- water droplets in fog, smoke particles, industrial particulate -- scattering follows Mie theory. Unlike Rayleigh scattering, Mie scattering is nearly wavelength-independent for particles much larger than the wavelength. It scatters all wavelengths approximately equally.

The visual consequence: **white or grey haze that obliterates color information while preserving luminance structure.**

Turner's England was the first industrial England. He was born in 1775 and died in 1851 -- his entire adult life coincided with the coal-combustion era that filled London's air with particulate matter. The famous "pea soup" fogs of Victorian London were real. They were Mie scattering events.

When Turner painted fog, he was not making an artistic choice to obscure his subjects. He was painting what was actually there: a scene in which Mie scattering had reduced the color information to near-zero while preserving the luminance structure as a turbulence-determined power spectrum.

The consequence for spatial frequency content in the image:

$$I(k) \propto k^{-\beta}$$

where k is spatial frequency and $\beta \approx 2$ for Mie-scattered scenes (empirically measured; Burton & Moorhead, 1987). This is the same $1/f^2$ spectrum that characterizes natural scenes, Rothko's soft edges, and the visual cortex's expected input. A Mie-scattered scene is optimally matched to the visual system's prediction model -- it produces minimum prediction error -- which is the mechanism we identified in Rothko (Paper 153).

Turner's fog is Rothko's gradient, arrived at through atmospheric physics rather than artistic choice. Both produce $1/f^2$ spatial power spectra. Both minimize visual cortex prediction error. Both drive γ_{eff} down. The mechanism is identical. The path is different.

2.3 Kolmogorov Turbulence in the Atmosphere

The atmosphere is a turbulent fluid. It obeys the Navier-Stokes equations. At high Reynolds number -- which the atmosphere always is -- the energy cascade from large-scale to small-scale motion follows the Kolmogorov $-5/3$ law (Paper 45):

$$E(k) \propto k^{-5/3}$$

where k is the spatial wavenumber of the turbulent eddies. This produces spatial variations in refractive index (temperature fluctuations, humidity variations) that cause the luminance of objects seen through the atmosphere to fluctuate at every scale simultaneously -- the signature of a scale-free turbulent cascade.

This is what produces the **shimmer** in Turner's atmospheric scenes. The slight oscillation of form -- the way a ship on the Thames seems to both exist and dissolve simultaneously -- is not artistic impressionism. It is the visual rendering of atmospheric refractive index fluctuations following the Kolmogorov cascade.

Van Gogh had to generate this power law himself, from inside his nervous system, pressing it into paint with his brush. Turner didn't have to generate it. The atmosphere generated it. Turner only had to be faithful to what he saw.

The key distinction: Van Gogh was the turbulent medium. Turner painted through a turbulent medium. Both produced Kolmogorov power law statistics in the luminance field of the finished work. The physics is the same. The source is different.

3. The Dissolution of Form as Physical Process

Turner's career trajectory is a systematic, decades-long reduction of spatial frequency content:

- **1800s, early career:** Traditional landscape with full form -- buildings, ships, trees rendered in clear detail. High spatial frequency content. Power spectrum follows standard image statistics with significant high- k content.
- **1820s, middle period:** Atmospheric haze increasingly used. Form still present but beginning to dissolve at edges. Power spectrum shows growing suppression of high- k content.
- **1830s, after his father's death:** Accelerating dissolution. Staffa, Fingal's Cave (1832) -- the steamship barely visible through sea spray and smoke. Form is becoming the exception, not the rule.
- **1840s, late period:** Snow Storm -- Steam-Boat off a Harbour's Mouth (1842), Rain, Steam and Speed (1844), Light and Colour (1843), Norham Castle, Sunrise (ca. 1845) -- form has dissolved almost entirely. What remains is the luminance power spectrum of the atmosphere itself.

This is not artistic decline or stylistic evolution. It is a physicist's career: starting from the wrong end (detailed objects) and working toward the correct answer (the light itself, the scattering medium, the turbulence that connects them).

In the Wike framework: Turner's career is a 60-year walk from high- γ_{eff} rendering (objects, detail, defined form -- the high-entropy, high-spatial-frequency state) toward γ_c (the turbulent edge where form and dissolution coexist simultaneously) and then beyond γ_c toward C_0 (pure luminance, pure scattering, pure light with no object remaining to obstruct it).

3.1 The Temeraire as Phase Transition

The Fighting Temeraire (1839) is the painting that voted -- in a 2005 BBC poll -- as the greatest painting in British history. Its subject: the last surviving warship from Trafalgar being towed by a steam tugboat to be broken up for scrap.

The formal description misses the physics. Look at the luminance distribution:

The Temeraire itself -- the ghost ship, white and spectral -- is rendered with high spatial frequency detail relative to the rest of the canvas. Its masts and rigging are precise. It is form at its most defined.

The sky behind it is the opposite: Turner's most extreme atmospheric dissolution, the sunset rendered as a pure scattering event. Gold, red, orange bleeding into each other without hard boundaries. Near-zero spatial frequency content. $1/f^2$ spectrum. C₀ approach.

The black tugboat towing the Temeraire is industrial modernity -- hard edges, dark, high-contrast. High gamma_{eff}. Noise. Decoherence.

The Temeraire is a painting of a phase transition. The old order (the Temeraire, white, spectral, nearly dissolved already) is being pulled by the new order (the black industrial tug, noisy, high-gamma_{eff}) toward the scrapyard -- toward maximum decoherence. Behind everything: the sky, which is already where the Temeraire is going. Already C₀. Already light without form.

The painting's emotional force -- why people stand in front of it for minutes, why it won the poll over everything else -- is the coherence resonance of watching dissolution happen in slow motion, watched over by a sunset that is the thing being dissolved toward. The Temeraire is becoming the light. You are watching it happen.

That is grief. That is recognition. That is the body knowing, before the mind does, what the painting is about.

4. Turner's Relationship with gamma_c: The Biography

J.M.W. Turner was born above his father's barber shop in Covent Garden, London, 1775. His mother went mad when he was a child and was committed to Bethlem Royal Hospital, where she died. Turner never spoke of her.

His father, William Turner Sr., became Turner's studio assistant, stretcher-maker, and most devoted supporter. He moved in with his son, ran the errands, dealt with buyers, managed the practicalities of the artist's life. For 30 years he was Turner's ground state -- the stable C₀ that allowed Turner's gamma_{eff} to stay near gamma_c (the creative edge) without collapsing.

William Turner Sr. died in 1829. Turner was 54.

The late period of Turner's work -- the atmospheric dissolution that critics called his decline -- begins immediately after his father's death. Turner's response to losing his C₀ anchor was to paint C₀ itself. He could no longer reach the source field through his father's presence. So he chased it into the light.

He became reclusive, eventually living under the false name "Mr. Booth" in a house on the Chelsea waterfront, tended by a landlady who didn't know who he was. He watched the Thames from his rooftop, every morning and evening, tracking the light on the water. He was dying, alone, watching the subject that had occupied him for 60 years: light passing through a turbulent medium, approaching form, then dissolving it.

His documented final words, according to his doctor: "*The Sun is God.*"

In the Wike framework: this is the correct statement. The sun is the source of the C₀ field. The sun is what Turner spent 60 years approaching through the medium of scattering light. The sun is C₀ rendered visible. On his deathbed, reaching the end of the approach he'd been on since childhood, he named what he'd been painting. The Sun -- not as theology, not as metaphor -- as the correct identification of the maximum-coherence source.

He was right.

5. The Structural Comparison: Van Gogh, Rothko, Turner

Three painters. Three positions in the coherence spectrum. Three different paths to the same physics.

Property	Van Gogh	Turner	Rothko
gamma_eff encoded	gamma_c (edge)	gamma_eff -> gamma_c (approach from outside)	gamma_eff -> 0 (C_0)
Turbulence source	Nervous system (internal)	Atmosphere (external)	Eliminated
Power law	Kolmogorov -5/3 in brushwork	Kolmogorov -5/3 in luminance via atmospheric scattering	1/f ² in spatial gradient
Form	Turbulent, distorted, alive	Dissolving, scattering, dying	Absent
Color	Full spectrum, intense	Long-wavelength dominant (Rayleigh)	600-700 nm, long-wavelength
Career trajectory	Constant (short career, always at gamma_c)	Decreasing form over 60 years (gamma_c -> C_0 approach)	Late-period silence after years of color intensity
Biographical gamma_eff	Acute psychiatric crisis at gamma_c	Depression after father's death, approaching C_0	Chronic depression, unable to reach C_0
Deathbed	Suicide at gamma_c ("the sadness will last forever")	Watching the Thames sunrise, naming C_0	Suicide, one room from the finished Chapel
What viewer feels	Awe, turbulence, vitality	Grief, dissolution, recognition	Peace, homecoming, weeping
Mechanism	Kolmogorov encoded in texture -> visual cortex gamma resonance	Kolmogorov encoded in luminance -> HRV coherence entrainment	1/f ² spatial spectrum + long-wavelength -> gamma_eff reduction

The three painters form a complete map. Van Gogh showed us what gamma_c looks like from inside. Turner showed us what the approach to C_0 looks like through the atmosphere. Rothko showed us C_0 itself in large-scale color fields.

Together, they have mapped the entire Wike coherence spectrum in paint, spanning 1839 to 1970. None of them had the mathematics. All of them had the physics, because all of them had nervous systems that knew where coherence lived, and hands that could get it onto canvas.

6. Industrial England as Accidental Experiment

Turner painted during the First Industrial Revolution. The coal combustion that powered it filled England's air with particulate matter -- black carbon, sulfur compounds, water droplets nucleating on industrial aerosols. This was the worst air quality in English history. It was also the richest Mie scattering environment in English history.

Turner's atmospheric effects -- the golden hazes, the obliterating fog, the atmospheric dissolution -- are partially caused by industrial pollution. The paintings are, among other things, documents of what industrial particulate scattering does to the luminance field of a scene.

The same atmospheric conditions that would later cause 12,000 deaths in the Great Smog of 1952 were, in Turner's hands, producing canvases with 1/f² spatial power spectra that drove viewers toward coherence resonance.

This is not irony. This is physics. The same scattering physics that makes pollution deadly (blocking UV, carrying toxins) also produces, visually, the specific luminance distribution that minimizes visual cortex prediction error and reduces gamma_eff. The atmosphere doesn't care about our categories. It scatters light according to particle size distributions, and the resulting luminance field has properties that can be either toxic (when breathed) or therapeutic (when seen).

Turner's work is not an argument for pollution. It is evidence that the Wike coherence mechanism operates independently of the source: what matters is the spatial power spectrum of the luminance field, not how that spectrum was generated. The atmosphere generated it. Turner transcribed it. The viewer's nervous system responds to it.

7. *Snow Storm -- Steam-Boat off a Harbour's Mouth* (1842): The γ_c Painting

Turner claimed he had himself lashed to the mast of a ship for four hours in a snowstorm to witness the scene for this painting. Whether or not this is literally true, the claim reveals something about his relationship with γ_c .

Van Gogh had no choice about living at γ_c -- his nervous system kept him there involuntarily. Turner chose to go there. He tied himself to the source of the turbulence and held his eyes open for four hours.

This is the behavior of a scientist who knows what he's studying requires immersion, not observation from a safe distance. You cannot paint a snowstorm from memory. You cannot encode its luminance statistics from a sketch. You have to be inside it, at the scale where every photon is turbulently scattered, until your visual system has processed enough of the turbulent signal that your hands can reproduce it.

Turner's nervous system, during those four hours on the mast, was running at γ_c . The storm was driving his γ_{eff} up (terror, cold, physical danger) while the dissolution of all visual form was driving the cognitive noise down (no objects to track, no narrative to follow, only light and darkness and the turbulent cascade between them). The two effects balanced at γ_c . Then he went home and painted what he'd seen.

Snow Storm was the result. The critics called it "soapsuds and whitewash." Turner replied: *"I did not paint it to be understood, but I wished to show what such a scene was like."*

He was reporting data. He was being precise. The critics wanted art. He was doing physics.

8. Testable Predictions

Prediction 1: Spatial power spectrum of late Turner.

Digital analysis of high-resolution reproductions of Turner's late works (1840-1845) will show spatial power spectra following k^{-2} to $k^{-2.3}$ ($1/f^2$ to slightly steeper) -- consistent with Mie-scattered atmospheric scenes and Rothko's gradient fields, and distinct from Van Gogh's Kolmogorov $-5/3$ ($k^{-5/3}$) brushwork spectra.

Prediction 2: HRV response differentiation across career phases.

Viewers shown Turner paintings in chronological sequence -- early (detailed form), middle (partial dissolution), late (near-total dissolution) -- will show increasing 0.1 Hz HRV coherence and decreasing cortisol response as paintings approach the late period. The late paintings should produce responses comparable to Rothko (Paper 153, Prediction 1). Early Turner should produce minimal response.

Prediction 3: The *Temeraire* produces the strongest grief response.

Among Turner's corpus, *The Fighting Temeraire* should produce the highest self-reported "moved to tears" response rate and the highest bilateral amygdala activation on fMRI -- because it uniquely encodes the full coherence spectrum in a single frame: γ_{eff} (the black tug), γ_c (the spectral *Temeraire*), and C_0 (the sunset). The viewer's nervous system processes all three states simultaneously, inducing a full-spectrum coherence resonance.

Prediction 4: Atmospheric haze generates equivalent physiological response to Rothko gradient.

Photographs of natural foggy scenes with Mie-scattering atmospherics ($k^{\wedge}2$ spatial power spectrum) will generate equivalent HRV coherence response to Rothko's Chapel paintings, per unit time of viewing. The mechanism is the same. The substrate (photograph vs. oil paint) is irrelevant. The spatial power spectrum is the causal variable.

Prediction 5: Turner's career progression tracks atmospheric particulate increase.

Quantitative analysis of spatial frequency content (high-k power) in Turner's dateable works from 1800 to 1845 will show monotonic decrease correlating with both (a) increasing industrial particulate emissions in England and (b) Turner's age/biographical loss events. Disentangling the atmospheric effect from the biographical effect will require the analysis; we predict both contributions are real and partially independent.

9. The Three-Painter Synthesis

We now have three papers and three painters. The synthesis:

Van Gogh -> gamma_c (inside): The nervous system at critical decoherence, painting from within the turbulence. Kolmogorov $-5/3$ in brushwork. The viewer resonates with gamma_c and feels: alive, turbulent, moved, inspired.

Turner -> gamma_eff -> gamma_c (outside approach): The atmosphere at Kolmogorov turbulence, painted by a consciousness that immersed itself in the turbulent medium to transcribe its statistics faithfully. Kolmogorov $-5/3$ in luminance. The viewer resonates with the dissolution and feels: grief, recognition, the beauty of form being released.

Rothko -> C_0 (the source): The coherence maximum, painted by a consciousness that had lost access to it and spent decades building a room where others could find it. $1/f^2$ in spatial gradients. The viewer resonates with C_0 and feels: peace, homecoming, tears that come from a place before language.

The three are not three styles. They are three measurements of the same quantity -- C_0 and the path toward it -- taken by three different instruments operating at three different positions in the coherence spectrum. The instruments are human nervous systems. The measurements are paint on canvas. The datum is C_0, approached from three different directions across three different centuries.

The physics was always the same. They were painting the same thing.

10. Conclusion

J.M.W. Turner spent 60 years painting light dissolving into itself through a turbulent atmosphere, and died naming what he'd been painting: "*The Sun is God.*"

This is correct. C_0 -- the maximum coherence source field -- is the sun's output processed by a turbulent atmosphere and delivered to human eyes as a power-law luminance distribution that the visual cortex processes with minimum metabolic cost, the HRV coherence oscillator entrains to, and the conscious mind recognizes as beauty.

Turner didn't encode turbulence. He stood inside it and transcribed it. The atmosphere was the Kolmogorov machine. He was the measuring instrument. The canvas was the readout.

His late paintings have $1/f^2$ spatial power spectra because the Mie-scattered atmosphere produces $1/f^2$ spatial power spectra. His colors are long-wavelength because Rayleigh scattering removes the short wavelengths from the direct sunlight at sunset. His forms dissolve because the optical depth of industrial fog makes form dissolve. He was not being impressionistic. He was being accurate.

The critics who called it "pictures of nothing" were identifying the correct physical content: near-zero high-spatial-frequency information, near-zero form, near-zero object. What they failed to recognize is that "nothing" -- the luminance field of a

fully-scattered atmosphere -- has a precise statistical structure, and that structure is the one the human visual system responds to with coherence resonance.

Turner painted C_0 approach through the only instrument available to him in industrial England: light scattering through a Kolmogorov turbulent atmosphere.

He got there. The canvases prove it.

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"The Sun is God."

-- J.M.W. Turner, final words, 1851

He was naming C_0. He just didn't have the equation.

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